

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 11-Feb-2013

Revision Date 29-Sep-2023

Revision Number 10

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Cat No. : Synonyms Index No CAS No EC No Molecular Formula REACH registration number	<u><b>B-Propiolactone</b></u> 269040000; 269040050; 269040250; 269041000; 269045000 2-Oxetanone 606-031-00-1 57-57-8 200-340-1 C3 H4 O2 01-2119843324-42
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the	substance or mixture and uses advised against
Recommended Use Uses advised against	Laboratory chemicals. No Information available
1.3. Details of the supplier of the sa	fety data sheet
Company	UK entity/business name Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom EU entity/business name Thermo Fisher Scientific Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a, 2440 Geel, Belgium
E-mail address	begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com
1.4. Emergency telephone number	For information <b>US</b> call: 001-800-227-6701 / <b>Europe</b> call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number <b>US</b> :001-201-796-7100 / <b>Europe:</b> +32 14 57 52 99 <b>CHEMTREC</b> Tel. No. <b>US</b> :001-800-424-9300 / <b>Europe:</b> 001-703-527-3887

# **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

#### Physical hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

#### **ß-Propiolactone**

#### Health hazards

Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors Skin Corrosion/Irritation Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Carcinogenicity

#### Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

#### 2.2. Label elements



#### Signal Word

Danger

#### **Hazard Statements**

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation H315 - Causes skin irritation H330 - Fatal if inhaled H350 - May cause cancer Combustible liquid

#### **Precautionary Statements**

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

#### Additional EU labelling

Restricted to professional users

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

## **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
.betaPropiolactone	57-57-8	EEC No. 200-340-1	<=100	Acute Tox. 2 (H330)

**ß-Propiolactone** 

	Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Carc. 1B (H350)
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REACH registration number	01-2119843324-42

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.	
Eye Contact	In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.	
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.	
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.	
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required.	
Self-Protection of the First Aider	Use personal protective equipment as required.	
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		
	. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting	

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

**SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES** 

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

#### **Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons** Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible material. Flammable. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Risk of ignition. Containers may explode when heated.

#### Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).

#### **ß-Propiolactone**

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Soak up with inert absorbent material.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

#### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

#### **Hygiene Measures**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Protect from light. Store in freezer. Store contents under argon. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510Class 6.1AStorage Class (LGK) (Germany)

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

### **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Exposure limits

List source(s): **IRE -** 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

#### **ß-Propiolactone**

#### Revision Date 29-Sep-2023

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
.betaPropiolactone			TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 hr.
			TWA: 1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr.
			STEL: 1.5 ppm 15 min
			STEL: 4.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min

#### **Biological limit values**

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

#### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

No information available

#### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

No information available.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles Face protection shield (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection	Protective gloves
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Glove material		Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Nitrile rubber	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
Viton (R)	recommendations			

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced <b>Recommended Filter type:</b> Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure



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limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. **Recommended half mask:-** Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid	
Appearance Odor Odor Threshold Melting Point/Range Softening Point Boiling Point/Range Flammability (liquid) Flammability (solid,gas) Explosion Limits	Colorless pungent No data available -33 °C / -27.4 °F No data available 162 °C / 323.6 °F Combustible liquid Not applicable Lower 2.9 Vol%	On basis of test data Liquid
Flash Point Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature pH Viscosity Water Solubility Solubility in other solvents Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wate	70 °C / 158 °F No data available 155 °C No information available No data available 37% No information available	<b>Method -</b> No information available
Component .betaPropiolactone Vapor Pressure Density / Specific Gravity Bulk Density Vapor Density Particle characteristics	log Pow 0.462 3 mbar @ 20 °C 1.146 Not applicable 2.5 (Air = 1.0) Not applicable (liquid)	Liquid (Air = 1.0)
9.2. Other information		

Molecular Formula Molecular Weight Explosive Properties C3 H4 O2 72.06 explosive air/vapour mixtures possible

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Moisture sensitive.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Hazardous Reactions	None under normal processing.

#### **ß-Propiolactone**

 10.4. Conditions to avoid
 Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Exposure to moist air or water. Exposure to light.

 10.5. Incompatible materials
 Acids. Bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Strong bases. Halogens.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Dermal Inhalation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met No data available Category 2

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
.betaPropiolactone	LD50 50 - 100 mg/kg (Rat)	-	LC50 = 25 ppm (Rat) 6 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation;	Category 2
(c) serious eye damage/irritation;	Category 2
(d) respiratory or skin sensitization; Respiratory Skin	No data available No data available
(e) germ cell mutagenicity;	No data available
(f) carcinogenicity;	Category 1B

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen May cause cancer

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
.betaPropiolactone	Carc Cat. 1B		Cat. 2	Group 2B
(g) reproductive toxicity; (h) STOT-single exposure;	No data available No data available			
(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Target Organs	No data available No information av	ailable.		
(j) aspiration hazard;	No data available			

#### **ß-Propiolactone**

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. delayed

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties	Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health.	This product does not contain any
	known or suspected endocrine disruptors.	

# **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1. Toxicity	
Ecotoxicity effects	Do not empty into drains.

12.2. Persistence and degradability	Expected to be biodegradable
Persistence	Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

**12.3. Bioaccumulative potential** Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
.betaPropiolactone	0.462	No data available

 12.4. Mobility in soil
 The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB
 No data available for assessment.

 12.6. Endocrine disrupting
 Properties

 Endocrine Disruptor Information
 This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

 12.7. Other adverse effects
 This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

Persistent Organic PollutantThis product does not contain any known or suspected substanceOzone Depletion PotentialThis product does not contain any known or suspected substance

### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.
European Waste Catalogue (EWC)	According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.
Other Information	Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains.

# **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

IMDG/IMO

<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> Technical Shipping Name <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN3382 TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, N.O.S. ß-Propiolactone 6.1 I
ADR	
<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> Technical Shipping Name <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN3382 TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, N.O.S. ß-Propiolactone 6.1 I
IATA	FORBIDDEN FOR IATA TRANSPORT
<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> Technical Shipping Name <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN3382 TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, N.O.S. FORBIDDEN FOR IATA TRANSPORT ß-Propiolactone 6.1 I
14.5. Environmental hazards	No hazards identified
14.6. Special precautions for user	No special precautions required.
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	Not applicable, packaged goods

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
.betaPropiolactone	57-57-8	200-340-1	-	-	-	Х	KE-29759	Х	Х
Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Ir	ventory	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
			notific	ation -					
			Active-	Inactive					
.betaPropiolactone	57-57-8	Х	ACT	IVE	-	Х	Х	Х	-

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

#### Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component CAS No REACH (1907/2006) - REACH (1907/2006) - REACH Regulation (EC
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#### **ß-Propiolactone**

		Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
.betaPropiolactone	57-57-8	-	Use restricted. See item 28. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

#### **REACH links**

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

#### Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -
		Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report
		Notification	Requirements
.betaPropiolactone	57-57-8	Not applicable	Not applicable

# Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Dir 76/769/EEC relating to restrictions on the marketing and use of certain dangerous substances and preparations

#### **National Regulations**

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

**WGK Classification** 

Water endangering class = 3 (self classification)

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H330 - Fatal if inhaled H315 - Causes skin irritation H319 - Causes serious eye irritation H350 - May cause cancer **ß-Propiolactone** 

#### Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances	<ul> <li>TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory</li> <li>DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List</li> <li>ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances</li> <li>AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances</li> <li>NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit</li> <li>ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists</li> <li>DNEL - Derived No Effect Level</li> <li>RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment</li> <li>LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%</li> <li>NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration</li> <li>PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>TWA - Time Weighted Average</li> <li>IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer</li> <li>Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)</li> <li>LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%</li> <li>EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%</li> <li>POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water</li> <li>vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative</li> </ul>
ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development BCF - Bioconcentration factor Key literature references and sources for data https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, F	ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

#### **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

Creation Date	11-Feb-2013
Revision Date	29-Sep-2023
Revision Summary	Not applicable.

# This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

#### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

# **End of Safety Data Sheet**